## Feeding Toddlers and Preschoolers

Children need less food than adults. What may seem like a small amount to an adult may be the right amount for a child. Most children are capable of "listening" to their body cues and will stop eating when they are full if you allow them. Not paying attention to hunger and fullness cues can lead to overeating or turn children off to foods they should be eating.

## What counts as one serving?

In general, a toddler-size portion is $1 / 4$ to $1 / 2$ an adult size portion. A preschoolersize portion is close to or the same size as an adults. For example, a one-year-old child would start with a one-quarter serving, while a 3 -year-old would start with a half. NOTE: this refers to serving sizes recommended by the 2010 Dietary Guidelines and MyPlate, not portions served in many restaurants.

## General Guidelines

## For each type of food offered, serve:

I) about I tablespoon per year of age, OR 2) a portion the size of the child's palm.

The table below offers more specific measurements:*

Always start by offering one serving of each food and
then let the child decide how much to eat.
If he or she is still hungry, they can ask for more food.

| Type of Food | I-2 years old | 3-4 years old | 5-6 years old |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grains and Breads | $1 / 4$ slice bread <br> 2 tbsp cereal <br> 2 tbsp rice or pasta | $1 / 2$ slice bread <br> $1 / 4$ cup cereal <br> $1 / 4$ cup rice or pasta | I slice bread $1 / 2$ cup cereal $1 / 3-1 / 2$ cup rice or pasta |
| Dairy | $1 / 4-1 / 2$ cup whole milk <br> $1 / 4-1 / 3$ slice cheese <br> 2 tbsp yogurt | ```1/2-3/4 cup skim/low fat milk 1/2 slice cheese 1/4 cup yogurt``` | $3 / 4$ - I cup skim/low fat milk <br> I slice cheese <br> $1 / 2$ cup yogurt |
| Fruit and Veggies | 2 tbsp cooked or canned <br> 2-3 pieces fresh <br> $1 / 4$ small whole fruit <br> No more than 2 oz 100\% juice per day | $1 / 4$ cup cooked or canned <br> 4-5 pieces fresh <br> $1 / 2$ small whole fruit <br> No more than $40 z$ 100\% juice per day | $1 / 2$ cup cooked or canned <br> 6-7 pieces fresh <br> I small whole fruit <br> No more than $60 z$ 100\% juice per day |
| Meat and Meat Substitutes | I oz meat** <br> I tbsp nut butter <br> $1 / 2$ large egg <br> 2 tbsp beans/peas <br> l-2 tbsp tofu | I $1 / 2$ oz meat** <br> l-2 tbsp nut butter <br> $3 / 4$ large egg <br> 1/4 cup beans/peas <br> 2-3 tbsp tofu | 2 oz meat** <br> 2 tbsp nut butter <br> I large egg <br> $1 / 2$ cup beans/peas <br> $1 / 4$ cup tofu |

[^0][^1]Not sure what a tablespoon or a $1 / 4$ cup of food looks like? Use measuring spoons and cups to portion out foods for a few days until you learn what the appropriate portion size looks like on your plates and bowls.


How do I know if a child who can't talk yet is full?
Watch for these signs:

- pulling away from the spoon
- turning away/become distracted
- no longer opening mouth for food
- pushing food or spoon back out of the mouth
- throwing the food on the floor/playing
- shaking head "no"

Children's appetites change from day to day. It is okay if your child does not eat a whole serving or asks for more food. Children tend to eat just the amount they need over several days.

DON'T force more food or stop your hungry child from eating. DO provide meals and snacks at the same time every day and offer a variety of foods in child-size servings.
Trust your child to eat the amount that is right for him or her.

> Be a great role model! Eat your fruits and veggies! Mix it up!

Resources: I) eatright.org - American Dietetic Association 2) www.extension.org - University of Maine Cooperative Extension


[^0]:    *These are general guidelines to give you an idea of how much food to offer young children at meal time; children may eat much more or less than what is listed here. Pay attention to children's hunger and fullness cues; if you are concerned about your child's weight or eating habits, consult their pediatrician.

[^1]:    **For reference, 3 oz of cooked meat is about the size of a deck of cards.

